



The EUCHEMSOC Societies have taken the significant step into the future by merging their traditional journals, to form two leading chemistry journals, the *European Journal of Inorganic Chemistry* and the *European Journal of Organic Chemistry*. Three further EUCHEMSOC Societies (Austria, Czech Republic and Sweden) are Associates of the two journals.

COVER PICTURE

The cover picture shows how a novel tetranuclear Ni^{II} complex $[\text{Ni}_4\text{L}_4^1(\mu\text{-tp-}\kappa_4\text{-O})(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\mu\text{-tp-}\kappa_2\text{-O})] \cdot 2\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{OH} \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ [$\text{L}^1 = N\text{-(3-aminopropyl)-5-bromosalicylaldehyde}$] acts as an active catalyst for the partial oxidation of cyclohexene into its epoxide product when it is immobilized over a network of hexagonal mesoporous silica. Herein the catalytic sites allow the formation of epoxide over their surfaces. *tert*-Butyl hydroperoxide acts as an oxidant for the partial oxidation process. A dinuclear unit is formed, in which the Ni^{II} is bridged by a phenolato group, and two such units are connected through a terephthalate moiety to form a tetranuclear nickel(II) complex. The tetranuclear units are connected to each other by another terephthalate moiety in its bis(monodentate) mode to form one-dimensional networks. Details are described in the article by P. Banerjee et al. on p. 5033 ff. The artwork was designed by Mr. Jishnunil Chakraborty and Mr. Gopal Das.

